The degree program in sociology provides students with the analytical tools to help them understand the links between individual experiences and the larger society. In examining social life and social change, the department focuses on questions of power, culture, and inequality in the U.S. and at the global level, combining a comparative-historical perspective with the scientific and humanistic vantage points of the social sciences. All students are exposed to classical and contemporary sociological theories and learn to apply both quantitative and qualitative approaches to sociological research.

The complexity of the field of sociology is reflected in the wide range of courses offered in the department and in the varied interests and backgrounds of the faculty. Professors in the USD Sociology Department specialize in global perspectives on power and inequality; stratification and poverty; immigration; racial, ethnic, and national diversity; spatial segregation; community activism and leadership; gender and sexuality; public health; global expansion of capitalism and democracy; crime, law, citizenship and social justice; environmental inequalities; social movements; and social change.

Careers in Sociology include work in non-profit sectors, education, counseling, research, administration, public service, criminology/criminal justice policy, public health, public relations, IT services, social services, management, sales, and marketing.

We share in USD’s mission to work towards peace and social justice, with a special emphasis on the Catholic intellectual and social tradition. Strong community service-learning components and field experience placements in community agencies provide an opportunity for students to link abstract sociological concepts to concrete social issues in the search for solutions to pressing societal problems.

### The Sociology Major

#### Major Requirements

Students majoring in sociology must satisfy the core curriculum requirements as set forth in this course catalog and complete all major requirements as presented in the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 201</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 202</td>
<td>Qualitative Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 270</td>
<td>Law and Social Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 210</td>
<td>Social Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 240</td>
<td>Crime and Inequality</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and select one of the following:

- SOCI 210 | Social Justice | 3 |
- SOCI 240 | Crime and Inequality | 3 |

#### Upper-Division

- SOCI 301 | Sociological Theories | 3 |
- SOCI 303 | Race and Ethnic Relations | 3 |
- or SOCI 370 | 18 additional Upper Division SOCI units, at least 12 units of which must be selected from a single area concentration: Social Justice or Law, Crime, Justice |

Total Units: 39

1. Students should plan their upper-division courses in consultation with their major advisor.
2. At least 15 of the 24 Upper-Division Units must be taken at USD. No more than 6 non-USD units taken abroad will be accepted for credit toward the Sociology major.

#### Recommended Program of Study, Sociology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Freshman Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Sociology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 201</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 202</td>
<td>Qualitative Methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or SOCI 240</td>
<td>Crime and Inequality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 270</td>
<td>Law and Social Justice</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sophomore Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 301</td>
<td>Sociological Theories (required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 303</td>
<td>Race and Ethnic Relations (required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or SOCI 370</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three Upper-Division Electives</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-Semester Study Abroad (optional)</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Junior Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three Upper-Division Electives</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internship/Field Experience (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Area Concentrations

#### Social Justice Concentration

Power, difference, and inequality are at the heart of sociological inquiry. The Social Justice concentration focuses on social structures that serve as mechanisms for the creation and perpetuation of social disparities, while also studying the many ways that groups and organizations seek to create a more socially just world. We interrogate the complicated ways that human behavior is shaped by both structure and agency through a variety of theoretical vantage points with an emphasis on race, ethnicity, socioeconomic class, gender, and sexuality. Courses address systemic inequalities both in U.S. domestic arenas as well as global and transnational dynamics, including issues of peace and war. Topics include...
education, democracy, citizenship, families, religion, global capitalism, urbanism, the environment and sustainable development, among others. We look at the role of social movements and community organizations in effecting social change. This concentration will be of interest to students planning careers in leadership, the non-profit sector, the labor movement, educational policy, human services/resources, public health, public administration, and business, as well as students pursuing graduate work or careers in law, education, public policy and related professional fields.

**Social Justice Concentration Electives**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 310</td>
<td>U.S. Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 311</td>
<td>Sociology of Families</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 312</td>
<td>Gendered Lives</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 313</td>
<td>Sexualities</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 314</td>
<td>Sociology of Education</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 315</td>
<td>Health and Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 410</td>
<td>Social Change: Global Perspectives</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 411</td>
<td>Work and Labor</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 412</td>
<td>Community, Consensus, and Commitment</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 470</td>
<td>Sexuality and Borders</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 494</td>
<td>Special Topics in Contemporary Sociology (approval of department chair required)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Law, Crime, Justice Concentration**

The Law, Crime, and Justice Concentration offers students a critical analysis of the relationship between law and society with a particular focus on legal institutions, public policy, crime, the criminal justice system and the production of social inequality. Courses in the concentration seek to reveal the origins and consequences of law by examining the various ways that law both shapes and is shaped by social and political forces. Various topics in the concentration include: the manifestations, causes, and consequences of criminal behavior; the relationship between law, social power, and persistent social inequalities; and the contested meanings of justice, rights and equality as they exist both inside and outside legal institutions.

**Law, Crime, Justice Concentration Electives**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 340</td>
<td>Urban Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 341</td>
<td>Criminology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 342</td>
<td>Juvenile Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 343</td>
<td>Corrections</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 344</td>
<td>Social Deviance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 345</td>
<td>Theories of Crime</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 346</td>
<td>Rights, Justice, Law and Social Change</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 440</td>
<td>Race and the Criminal Justice System</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 441</td>
<td>Drugs &amp; U.S. Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 470</td>
<td>Sexuality and Borders</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 472</td>
<td>Criminalizing Immigration</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 494</td>
<td>Special Topics in Contemporary Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Electives for either concentration:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 371</td>
<td>Inequality and Social Change</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 372</td>
<td>Politics and Society</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 373</td>
<td>Social Institutions</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 374</td>
<td>Social Movements</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Sociology Minor**

**Minor Requirements**

**Lower Division (9 units)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select two of the following Contemporary Social Issues courses: 6

- ETHN 100 | Intro to Ethnic Studies               | 3     |
- SOCI 210 | Social Justice                       | 3     |
- SOCI 240 | Crime and Inequality                 | 3     |
- SOCI 270 | Law and Social Justice                | 3     |

**Upper Division (9 units)**

Sociology courses numbered 300 or higher 9

Total Units 18

Students are advised to take SOCI 101 and either ETHN 100, SOCI 210, SOCI 240, or SOCI 270 (and have completed 45 undergraduate units) before enrolling in any upper division sociology course. (Prerequisites may occasionally be waived with consent of the instructor.)

**SOCI 101 | INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY**

Units: 3 Repeatability: No

Core Attributes: First Yr Integration (LC Only), Social/Behavioral Inquiry area, Domestic Diversity level 1

This course is required for the Sociology major and introduces students to basic concepts of sociology; groups, race and ethnicity, class, gender, nation, citizenship, status, role, society, behavior patterns, and social institutions. The approach is broadly comparative, historical, and global in orientation and focus, with an emphasis on the U.S. Particular attention is paid to issues of power, inequality, war, peace, social change, and social justice. Offered every semester.

**SOCI 201 | QUANTITATIVE METHODS**

Units: 3

Core Attributes: Quantitative reasoning comp

This course is required for completion of the Sociology major and provides an introduction to the use of quantitative methods with an emphasis on descriptive statistics. Students learn concepts including quantitative research design, sampling methods, components of survey research, measurement and analysis of variables, and standards of ethical practice. Statistical procedures include central tendency and variability measures, the normal curve, probability, correlation, and regression. Students will also develop basic fluency in SPSS, a statistical software package, to analyze empirical data.

**SOCI 202 | QUALITATIVE METHODS**

Units: 3

Core Attributes: Social/Behavioral Inquiry area

This course is required for completion of the Sociology major and provides an introduction to the use of qualitative methods such as ethnographic research, field research, individual and focus group interviewing, historical comparative research, and qualitative survey research. Students learn concepts of research design including conceptualization, operationalization, sampling methods, and data analysis. These tools are integral to the execution of qualitative sociological research.
SOCI 210 | SOCIAL JUSTICE  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Social/Behavioral Inquiry area, Domestic Diversity level 1  
This is a social problems course that critically examines issues of power, difference and inequality, utilizing comparative, historical, global and other critical perspectives. In an age of widening social polarization, the intersections of power, structure and agency are at the heart of sociological inquiry. Topics covered include stratification, social change, and struggles for peace and justice as they relate to issues of class, race, gender, sexuality and citizenship. The course will consider these issues in local, regional and global contexts, with an orientation towards social justice. This course is open to both majors and non-majors for fulfillment of the Core Curriculum requirements.

SOCI 240 | CRIME AND INEQUALITY  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Social/Behavioral Inquiry area, Domestic Diversity level 1, Undergraduate Research  
This introductory-level course critically examines contemporary social issues in Crime, Justice, Law and Society. It will analyze the historic and contemporary responses of the law-enforcement community to various types of criminal and deviant behavior. The actions of formal agents of social control will be investigated both empirically and theoretically. Topics of the course include: theories of punishment, the criminal justice system, and the enduring tensions between social control and individual freedoms. This course is open to both majors and non-majors for fulfillment of the core curriculum requirements. For sociology majors, it also serves as an introductory pathway to the Crime, Justice, law and Society concentration.

SOCI 270 | LAW AND SOCIAL JUSTICE  
Units: 3  
Core Attributes: Social/Behavioral Inquiry area  
This course provides a dynamic broad introduction to the study of law as a social institution, in the context of larger questions of inequality and social justice.

SOCI 294 | SPECIAL TOPICS IN CONTEMPORARY SOCIOLOGY  
Units: 0.5-4  
Repeatability: Yes (Can be repeated for Credit)  
An overview and analysis of selected contemporary topics in sociology, this course discusses specific content to be determined by particular interest of instructor and students. May be repeated for credit with different course content. (Offered on demand).

SOCI 301 | SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES  
Units: 3  
This course is required for completion of the Sociology major and provides an examination of classical and contemporary sociological theories as part of the development of the structures of knowledge, drawing on a wide range of theorists and perspectives, including micro and macro perspectives, consensus and conflict theories, structural functionalist modernization theory, world-systems analysis, critical race and feminist theory, and related questions of structure, agency, and social change. Emphasis is on critical engagement with theorists and perspectives, and their respective strengths and weaknesses.

SOCI 303 | RACE AND ETHNIC RELATIONS  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Social/Behavioral Inquiry area, Domestic Diversity level 2  
An introduction to theory and research relative to minority group relations in the United States, with particular emphasis upon patterns, problems, and consequences of social interaction and cultural diversity among different racial, national, religious, and socioeconomic groups.

SOCI 310 | U.S. SOCIETY  
Units: 3  
Core Attributes: Advanced writing competency, First Yr Integration (LC Only)  
An introduction to U.S. society within historical and social perspectives. Transitions and transformations in U.S. culture and values are considered in a social context. Topics explored include industrialization, capitalism, social stratification, and the interplay of freedom, democracy, individualism, and volunteerism with the U.S.’s social structure, political institutions, and cultural framework.

SOCI 311 | SOCIOLOGY OF FAMILIES  
Units: 3  
Analysis of the family as a social institution and as a social group, with emphasis on the impact of industrialization on traditional family functions, courtship, role expectations, child rearing, and family stability. The course will examine changes in work patterns, marriage, divorce, and cohabitation over time. Race, ethnicity, and gender differences will also be addressed.

SOCI 312 | GENDERED LIVES  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
This course explores how gender organizes our society. It focuses on how specific institutions affect individual agency; for example, how do the media, corporate industries, and professional organizations differently influence the social construction of femininity and masculinity? What processes of social activism and resistance do individuals engage to challenge such pressures? Analyses also focus on how conceptions of biological determinism affect behavior. Finally, the intersections of race, class, and sexual diversity among men and women are investigated as they relate to social phenomena such as production, reproduction, identity, and social change.

SOCI 313 | SEXUALITIES  
Units: 3-4  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Domestic Diversity level 2  
An analysis of the phenomenon of human sexuality from a sociological perspective. An understanding of the diversity of sexuality, development of sex roles, sexual orientation, historical and cross-cultural views of sexuality, and trends in sexual behavior and attitudes. Topics will include such issues as sexual identity, socialization, social change, and social movements.

SOCI 314 | SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Domestic Diversity level 2  
An introduction to education as a social process and a social institution. Topics include: the social functions of education; the school as a formal organization and social system; social factors affecting the educational process; and an examination of change and innovation in education.

SOCI 315 | HEALTH AND SOCIETY  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: Yes (Repeatable if topic differs)  
Core Attributes: Writing-Pre F17 CORE  
This course will provide students with an understanding of how social signifiers, such as race, gender, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and age contribute to disparities in health across different places. Through case studies, students will be encouraged to examine the changing sociologies of health and illness in both a global and local context. Topics will include health care systems, HIV/AIDS, cancer, women’s health, obesity, disability, mental health, and alcohol and tobacco. Throughout the course, special attention will be given to the role of medicalization in the transformation of certain human conditions into categories of health and illness.
SOCI 340 | URBAN SOCIOLOGY  
Units: 3  
The goal of this course is to expose students to the array of topics that occupy the attention of contemporary urban scholars: political, economic, and cultural issues related to urban transformation, urban inequalities, urban design, urban consumption, urban sustainability, and urban security.

SOCI 341 | CRIMINOLOGY  
Units: 3  
An examination of crime and society, with special emphasis on theories of criminality, types and trends in crime, and current controversies in criminology.

SOCI 342 | JUVENILE JUSTICE  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
This course provides an empirical description and sociohistorical analysis of the complex social problem of juvenile delinquency. Toward this goal, the course examines the historical circumstances and legal heritage out of which the social construction of juvenile delinquency has emerged. The emphasis of the course is on the process through which juvenile behavior becomes juvenile delinquency and the process through which juveniles become juvenile delinquents. This course also explores theoretical explanations for deviance and law-violating behavior committed by juveniles.

SOCI 343 | CORRECTIONS  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
This course is a critical evaluation of America’s historic and contemporary use of the correctional system as the primary response to crime and many social problems. This seminar is more about ideology than structure, of paramount interest are the social, political and economic contexts of prisons and the “tough on crime” movement that have produced the largest prison system in the world.

SOCI 344 | SOCIALDEVIANC E  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Advanced writing competency  
An analysis of conceptions of deviant behavior, the nature and prevalence of such behavior, and the theories developed to explain deviance. Emphasis is upon the relationship of such behavior to social structure and social processes.

SOCI 345 | THEORIES OF CRIME  
Units: 3  
This course uses the theoretical and methodological tools of criminology to examine the origins of deviant and criminal behavior. We will explore the major theoretical perspectives on criminality that have shaped the discipline over time and apply these theories to historical and contemporary case studies of actual criminal behavior. In combination, these theoretical paradigms and case studies should provide insight into a very complicated question - why do people do crime?

SOCI 346 | RIGHTS, JUSTICE, LAW AND SOCIAL CHANGE  
Units: 3  
The study of rights, justice, and law as social institutions. After being introduced to the sociolegal foundations of U.S. society and the scope of contemporary law, students will be expected to closely and critically examine the role law plays in the establishment and taking away of individual rights and liberties. Students will also be expected to develop an understanding of justice, how the meaning of justice has changed over the course of U.S. history, and the social forces that have played a role in molding new interpretations of justice. This course places special emphasis on the law’s role in both producing and remedying social inequality. Particular attention is given to the subjects of race, gender, class, civil rights, and privacy rights.

SOCI 371 | INEQUALITY AND SOCIAL CHANGE  
Units: 3  
An analysis of the structures and dynamics of social inequality, focusing upon competing theoretical explanations and empirical investigations of different arrangements by which wealth, power, and prestige are distributed in human societies.

SOCI 372 | POLITICS AND SOCIETY  
Units: 3-4  
An introduction to the sociological analysis of the theory and practice of power in contemporary societies. Emphasis will be placed upon such topics as the nature of political power, social and cultural foundations of political institutions, sources and patterns of political involvement, and the social consequences of various types of power structures.

SOCI 373 | SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Domestic Diversity level 2  
A comparative analysis of the basic structuring of human societies, utilizing the perspective of social systems theory. Topics for discussion will include such fundamental institutionalized processes as social allocation and social power, as well as the development of total societies from simple to complex forms of organization.

SOCI 374 | SOCIAL MOVEMENTS  
Units: 3  
An examination of the short-lived, and often extraordinary, non institutionalized behavioral phenomena of crowds, mobs, riots, panics, and crazes that seem periodically to disturb the orderly flow of human societal life. Also examined will be the processes by which these “social aberrations” may become institutionalized as social movements or as part of a new and emerging sociocultural order.

SOCI 375 | EDUCATION, CITIZENSHIP AND POLITICS IN SOUTH AFRICA  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Community Service Learning, Advanced Integration, Global Diversity level 2  
This is a study abroad course in South Africa examining the historical, political and educational challenges faced by the post-Apartheid democracy. Students have opportunities to engage with South African communities, specifically the village of Makuleke. Cross-listed as POLS 343.

SOCI 376 | EDUCATION, CITIZENSHIP AND POLITICS IN SOUTH AFRICA  
Units: 3 Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Advanced Integration, Global Diversity level 2  
This is a study abroad course in South Africa examining the historical, political and educational challenges faced by the post-Apartheid democracy. Students have opportunities to engage with South African communities, specifically the village of Makuleke. Cross-listed as POLS 343.

SOCI 410 | SOCIAL CHANGE: GLOBAL PERSPECTIVES  
Units: 3  
Using sociological perspectives on the roles of cultural beliefs and social practices in shaping people’s lives, this course offers an overview of the organizing principles of society that resulted in the transition of pre-industrial societies to modern industrial states. The goals of the course are to make students aware of the power that social and cultural structures hold over them, of the fact that different societies will necessarily hold disparate views on how societies should be organized, and of the means to assess social/cultural differences in a nonjudgmental way. Topics covered include the technological bases of social organization, sex and gender stratification, demography, nationalism, religion, and civil society.
SOCI 411 | WORK AND LABOR  
Units: 3  
Core Attributes: Advanced writing competency  
Examination of work, the labor force, and labor markets are integral to sociological theory and research. This course examines how labor and work impact and structure daily life, social structures, and the political economy. In addition, this course examines the relationship between politics and policy and the labor force in the United States.

SOCI 412 | COMMUNITY, CONSENSUS, AND COMMITMENT  
Units: 3  
Core Attributes: Oral communication competency  
This interdisciplinary course will be useful for students who seek to understand contemporary social issues in a purposeful and strategic manner. The course utilizes theory and practice in order for students to learn the various dimensions of what constitutes community, and how to apply the tools of community organizing, consensus-building, and sustaining commitment in addressing social issues.

SOCI 440 | RACE AND THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM  
Units: 3  
An examination and analysis of the various structures of inequality as they relate to processes of social control. Emphasis on strategies and techniques utilized to label and combat deviant and criminal behavior. Attention will be focused on the organization and operation of the U.S. criminal justice system.

SOCI 441 | DRUGS & U.S. SOCIETY  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
This course utilizes the lenses of criminology and sociology in a cross-national, critical evaluation of America’s historic and contemporary drug policies. This course systematically examines the pharmacological effects of legal and illegal drugs, the role of moral panics and moral entrepreneurs in shaping the “war on drugs” and the impacts of criminalization on the community and criminal justice system.

SOCI 470 | SEXUALITY AND BORDERS  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Domestic Diversity level 2  
This course critically examines sexuality as a set of social and political statuses ascribed to individuals. The course interrogates the ways that laws seek to govern rights and privileges of the citizenry according to these statuses of sexuality, in addition to the ways norms and informal policies prohibit and prescribe individuals’ self-expression. The course focuses on issues of crossing borders, both symbolic boundaries, such as norms of families and reproduction within the U.S., as well as passage across national borders for purposes such as marriage immigration, sex tourism, and human trafficking for the sex trade.

SOCI 471 | ENVIRONMENTAL INEQUALITY AND JUSTICE  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Advanced writing competency, Global Diversity level 2  
Using a sociological perspective, this course explores how social power dynamics along racial, economic, and cultural lines are pertinent to understanding people’s disproportionate access to clean, safe, and productive environments, on the one hand, and their unequal exposure to environmental harms, on the other. Through the critical examination of contemporary case studies, students in this course will gain a greater appreciation of the social causes and consequences of environmental racism and inequality, as well as the efforts that are being taken by social groups engaged in political struggles for environmental justice.

SOCI 472 | CRIMINALIZING IMMIGRATION  
Units: 3  
This course provides an overview of sociological research in the field of international migration and focuses on topics including: migration flows into gateway cities such as San Diego, New York, Los Angeles, and Miami; transnationalism; immigration law and policy; immigrant families, activism, citizenship, and work.

SOCI 473 | SUSTAINABILITY: SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: No  
Core Attributes: Advanced Integration  
This course examines the powerful—but highly contested—concept of sustainability. This task is complicated by the fact that “sustainability” has come to mean so many things to so many different entities, and has generated such a diverse body of academic literature, that it’s difficult to make sense of the term. This course will navigate this complex landscape by critically examining multiple definitions and framings of sustainability, and applying these framings to specific case studies on climate change, energy, water, food, transportation, and waste, to name a few. This course will also explore how understanding sustainability and creating a more sustainable world requires integrating multiple disciplinary perspectives. While a sociological perspective is essential to these tasks, so too are perspectives from the natural sciences, philosophy, history, and the arts, among others.

SOCI 493 | FIELD EXPERIENCE IN SOCIOLOGY  
Units: 1-3  
Repeatability: Yes (Can be repeated for Credit)  
Core Attributes: Law - Experiential  
An in-depth analysis of selected contemporary topics in sociology, with specific content to be determined by particular interest of professor. May be repeated for credit with different course content.

SOCI 498 | INTERNSHIP IN SOCIOLOGY  
Units: 3  
Repeatability: Yes (Can be repeated for Credit)  
Core Attributes: Law - Experiential  
A practicum course involving a minimum of 120 hours per semester with various community, social service, and criminal justice agencies throughout San Diego County. Students may be required to attend an orientation program prior to their placement. Fieldwork is under the supervision of agency personnel and the faculty supervisor. Regularly scheduled meetings with the faculty supervisor are required from each student. May be taken for one to three units per semester. Field experience courses may not be applied toward fulfillment of requirements for the Sociology Major. Consent of faculty supervisor is required prior to registration. Pass/fail option only.

SOCI 499 | INDEPENDENT STUDY  
Units: 1-3  
Repeatability: Yes (Can be repeated for Credit)  
Individual study and written research working in close collaboration with a faculty advisor. Consent of instructor and of the department chair are required for registration.